NATIONAL COUNCIL OF SPCAs



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PROMOTION OF ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT 2 of 2000 MANUAL

PAIA MANUAL DATED - FEBRUARY 2025

EMAILED TO : PAIA@sahrc.org.za

SECTION 14 MANUAL FOR THE NATIONAL COUNCIL OF SOCIETIES FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS (hereinafter referred to as "the NSPCA")

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2. PARTICULARS IN TERMS OF SECTION 14

A. The functions and the structure of the NSPCA [Section 14(1)(a)]

(i) What is the NSPCA?

The NSPCA is the Umbrella Body for 75 Societies for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (hereinafter referred to as SPCAs) situated throughout South Africa. All of these SPCAs are autonomous but are governed by The Societies for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 169 of 1993. Each SPCA, although registered with the NSPCA, is independent and autonomous, and is responsible for its own affairs. The NSPCA is a statutory body, and together with the other SPCAs, enforces some 96% of the animal welfare legislation in South Africa. The NSPCA also handles national issues on behalf of the SPCA movement.

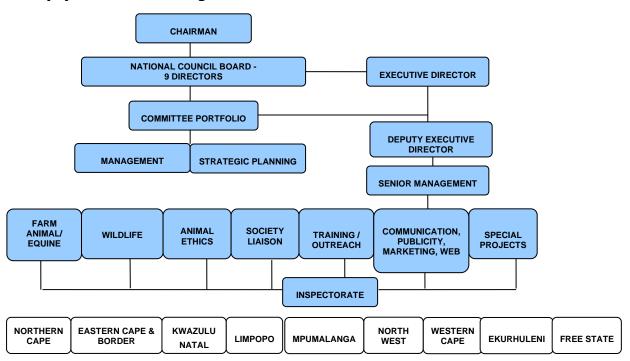
Please take note that this Manual deals with access to information in regard to the activities of the NSPCA, <u>only</u>, and not with access to any information in regard to SPCAs around the country. Accordingly, should you require any information about a specific SPCA, you should direct your enquiries to it directly. We are unable to assist you in this regard.

(ii) The Functions of the NSPCA

The functions of the NSPCA as prescribed by section 3 of the Societies for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act (Act 169 of 1993) are:

- (a) to determine, control and co-ordinate the policies and standards of societies, in order to promote uniformity;
- (b) to promote co-operation among societies;
- (c) to prevent the ill-treatment of animals by promoting their good treatment by man;
- (d) to promote the interests of societies;
- (e) to take cognisance of the application of laws affecting animals and societies and to make representations in connection therewith to the appropriate authority;
- (f) to do all things reasonably necessary for or incidental to the achievement of the objects mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (e).

(iii) A schematic diagram of the structure of the NSPCA



(iv) The structure of the NSPCA

The Board of the NSPCA consists of 9 Directors:

Chairman

Vice-Chairman

Executive Director

Financial Director

Ms Annette Rademeyer
Ms Christine Kuch

Mrs Marcelle Meredith Ms Judy Huang

Mrs Dominique Lloyd

Dr Chris Marufu Mrs Maryann Murrell

Mrs Alet Steyn

Mr John Penrose

Department of Agriculture representative

All Directors, other than those nominated by the Board and those representing entrenched SPCAs, are elected by the 68 SPCAs and receive no remuneration for their services.

Mrs Marcelle Meredith is the Chief Executive Officer of the NSPCA. In addition, the NSPCA has a paid staff compliment of 49 employees, made up of Inspectors and Secretariat.

B. Contact details [Section 14(1)(b)]

Information officer:

Mrs Marcelle Meredith – Executive Director <u>ceo@nspca.co.za</u>

General information:

Address: 6 Clark Road

Florentia Alberton 1449

Postal address P O Box 1320

Alberton 1450

Telephone: +27 11 907-3590/1/2/3

Fax: +27 11 907-4013
Website: www.nspca.co.za
Email address: nspca@nspca.co.za

C. The section 10 Guide on how to use the Act [Section 14(1)(c)]

The guide will be available from the South African Human Rights Commission. Please direct any gueries to:

The South African Human Rights Commission: PAIA Unit

The Research and Documentation Department

Postal address: Private Bag 2700 Houghton

2041

Telephone: +27 11 484-8300
Fax: +27 11 484-1360
Website: www.sahrc.org.za
E-mail: PAIA@sahrc.org.za

D. Access to the records held by the NSPCA [Section 14(1)(d)]

(i) Automatic disclosures [Section 14(1)(e)]

No categories of records of the NSPCA are automatically available without request.

(ii) Records that may be requested [Sections 14(1)(d)]

Description of the subjects and categories of records held by the NSPCA:

1 THE NSPCA GENERALLY

1.1 Governance

The SPCA Act

The Constitution

The Rules Promulgated in Terms of the Act

1.2 Administration

Annual report of the Executive Director

1.3 **Policy Statements**

On all aspects of Animals

1.4 Labour Relations

Policies

1.5 Finance

Annual Audits

2 NATIONAL WILDLIFE PROTECTION UNIT

2.1 Policies and Legislation - National & Provincial

3 THE FARM ANIMAL PROTECTION UNIT

3.1 Policies and Legislation - National & Provincial

4 THE SPECIAL PROJECTS UNIT

4.1 Policies and Legislation - National & Provincial

5 <u>COMMUNICATIONS/FUNDRAISING</u>

.1 All issues relating but not limited to: Media Releases, Website Content Management, Annual Report, Newsletters, SPCA Logo Usage Approvals, Social Media, Fundraising, B-BBEEE Certificate.

6 ANIMAL ETHICS UNIT

6.1 Policies and Legislation - National & Provincial

7 TRAINING / OUTREACH

- 7.1 Internal and External Training Courses
- 7.2 Undertaking outreaches in under-privileged communities

8 SOCIETY LIAISON UNIT

- 8.1 Policies and Legislation
- 8.2 All Animal Welfare issues relation to SPCAs, including but not limited to:
 - 8.2.1 Promoting the Interests of the SPCAs,
 - 8.2.2 Use of the SPCA Logo by SPCAs,
 - 8.2.3 Dangerous/Marauding Dogs,
 - 8.2.4 Feral Cats,
 - 8.2.5 Companion Animals Falling Outside SPCAs Jurisdiction,
 - 8.2.6 No kill shelters and animal hoarders,
 - 8.2.7 Maiming in general, including Tail Docking & Ear Cropping,
 - 8.2.8 Fireworks,
 - 8.2.9 Complaints about SPCAs

(iii) The request procedures

A requester must be given access to a record of a public body if the requester complies with the following:

- The requester complies with all the procedural requirements in the Act relating to the request for access to that record; and
- Access to that record is not refused on any ground of refusal mentioned in the Act.

Nature of the request:

- A requester must use the form that has been printed in the Government Gazette [Govt. Notice R187- 15 February 2002] (Form A).
- The requester must also indicate if the requester is for a copy of the record or if the requester wants to come in and look at the record at the offices of the public body. Alternatively if the record is not a document it can then be viewed in the requested form, where possible [s 29(2)].
- If a person asks for access in a particular form then the requester should get access in the manner that has been asked for. This is unless doing so would interfere unreasonably with the running of the public body concerned, or damage the record, or infringe a copyright not owned by the state. If for practical reasons access cannot be given in the required form but in an alternate manner, then the fee must be calculated according to the way that the requester first asked for it [s 29(3) and (4)].

- If, in addition to a written reply to their request for the record, the requester wants to be told about the decision in any other way, e.g. telephone, this must be indicated [s 18(2)(e)].
- If a requester is asking for the information on behalf of somebody else, the capacity in which the request is being made should be indicated [s 18(2)(f)].
- If a requester is unable to read or write, or has a disability, then they can make the request for the record orally. The information officer must then fill in the form on behalf of such a requester and give them a copy [s 18(3)].

There are two types of fees required to be paid in terms of the Act, being the request fee and the access fee:

A requester who seeks access to a record containing personal information about that requester is not required to pay the request fee. Every other requester, who is not a personal requester, must pay the required request fee:

- The information officer must notify the requester (other than a personal requester) by notice, requiring the requester to pay the prescribed fee (if any) before further processing the request.
- The request fee payable to public bodies is R35. The requester may lodge an internal appeal, where appropriate, or an application to the court against the tender or payment of the request fee.
- After the information officer has made a decision on the request the requester must be notified of such a decision in the way in which the requester wanted to be notified in.
- If the request is granted then a further access fee must be paid for the search, preparation, reproduction and for any time that has exceeded the prescribed hours to search and prepare the record for disclosure.

E. <u>Services available</u> [Section 14(1)(f)]

(i) Nature of services

The NSPCA focuses upon the enforcement of legislation, education, monitoring welfare standards, the compilation of Codes and Regulations, disaster and emergency relief, proactive welfare work, community outreach, inspector training, committee training, the development of Unit or Working Standards within industries which utilise animals, liaison with animal related industries, negotiation at government and provincial levels as well as lobbying and awareness campaigns.

The NSPCA generates its own funds, relying on legacies and donations. No Government funding is received.

The National Council also has seven operational Units:

- The National Farm Animal Protection Unit Dealing with the regulation, compliance and enforcement of welfare in terms of the Animals Protection Act 71 of 1962, and other associated Acts with particular focus on farm animals in both intensive and rural environments.
- 2. The National Wildlife Protection Unit Dealing with the regulation, compliance and enforcement of welfare in terms of the Animals Protection Act 71 of 1962, and other associated Acts with particular focus on the welfare of Wildlife wherever they may be found across South Africa. Including captive facilities keeping such animals.
- 3. **The Special Projects Unit** Dealing with the regulation, compliance and enforcement of welfare in terms of the Animals Protection Act 71 of 1962, and other associated Acts with particular focus on the ports of entry, animals used in security, illegal hunting with dogs, animal fighting, bestiality, maiming of animals and humane deterrents of damage causing animals.

- 4. **The Society Liaison Unit** promotes the interests of the SPCAs. This includes the control and co-ordination of policies, uniformity and standards at SPCAs.
- 5. **The Animal Ethics Unit** serve on Animal Ethics Committees throughout the country. This Unit inspects facilities that are using animals for scientific purposes. They work towards the passing of legislation which will bring about improved welfare conditions for animals used for scientific purposes.
- 6. **Communications/Fundraising** publicises the work undertaken by the NSPCA and secures funding to support our efforts in uplifting the lives of animals, with particular focus on printed and social media.
- 7. **Training and Outreach Unit** plays a vital role in training SPCA inspectors to enforce national animal protection legislation. Field officers as well as SPCA committees are also provided with training. This unit also provides training to external officials and service providers to equip them with a better understanding and ability to address animal welfare concerns in their varied work environments.

The NSPCA also handles national issues on behalf of the SPCA movement.

(ii) How to gain access to these services

To gain access to the services at the NSPCA, requests must be made to the CEO of the NSPCA, Mrs Marcelle Meredith.

Address: 6 Clark Road

Florentia Alberton 1449

Postal address: P O Box 1320

Alberton 1450

Telephone: +27 11 907-3590/1/2/3

Fax: +27 11 907-4013
Website: www.nspca.co.za
Email address: nspca@nspca.co.za

F. <u>Arrangement allowing for public involvement in the formulation of policy and the exercise of power [Section 14(1)(g)]</u>

No such arrangements exist, but members of the public are encouraged to make submissions to either the CEO or through the CEO to the Board for consideration.

G. The remedies available if the provisions of this Act are not complied with [Section 14(1)(h)]

The requester can lodge an internal appeal with the Information Regulator. The requester can lodge an appeal related to:

- a decision not to grant access to a record;
- the fee charged;
- a decision to extend the time period to deal with the request; or
- the body refusing to grant the requester the record in the form that he/she requested.

The procedure is as follows:

- The requester would be required to complete the relevant appeal form A, within 60 days.
- After completing the form, the requester must send the form to the Information Officer.
- A requester may request to be informed of the outcome of the appeal in any manner other than a written reply, for example, by e-mail or telephone.
- The person appealing must supply their contact details and may also be required to pay an appeal fee. (The fee is not payable when not asking for private information, the current fee is R35 for public bodies)

• The information officer must respond to the request within 10 working days and if the request was refused the information officer must give reasons for refusing in terms of the Act.

I. Other information as prescribed in terms of the Act [Section 14(1)(i)]

There is currently no information available from the Minister of Justice and Constitutional Development in terms of Section 92 to be placed here.

3. Prescribed fees for public bodies

PART II OF NOTICE 187 IN THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE ON THE 15 FEBRUARY 2002

FEES IN RESPECT OF PUBLIC BODIES (increased by 10% per Annum)

- 1. The fee for a copy of the manual as contemplated in regulation 5(c) is **R11.80** for every photocopy of an A4-size page or part thereof.
- 2. The fees for reproduction referred to in regulation 7(1) are as follows:

	Type of copy requested	Fees in Rand (R)
(a)	For every photocopy of an A4-size page or part thereof	1.82
(b)	For every printed copy of an A4-size page or part thereof	
	held on a computer or in electronic or machine-readable form	1.82
(c)	For a copy in a computer-readable form on compact disc	48.40
(d)	For a transcription of visual images, for an A4-size page or	Service
	part thereof	Outsourced
	For a copy of visual images	w//
(e)	For a transcription of an audio record, (Depending on	
	outsourced for an A4-size page or part thereof fee)	29.04
	For a copy of an audio record	48.40

- 3. The request fee payable by every requester, other than a personal requester, referred to in regulation 7(2) is **R121.00**.
- 4. The access fees payable by a requester referred to in regulation 7(3) are as follows:
- 5. The access fees payable by a requester referred to in regulation 7(3)(f) are as follows:
 - to search and prepare the record for disclosure, **R363.00** for each for such search and preparation, not exceeding **R363.00**.
- 6. For purposes of section 22(2) of the Act, the following applies::
 - (a) Six hours as the hours to be exceeded before a deposit is payable; and
 - (b) one third of the access fee is payable as a deposit by the requester.
- 7. The actual postage is payable when a copy of a record must be posted to a requester.

4. Prescribed forms for access to a record of a public body.

ANNEXURE B OF NOTICE 187 IN THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE ON THE 15 FEBRUARY 2002 FORM A

REQUEST FOR ACCESS TO RECORD OF PUBLIC BODY

(Section 18(1) of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000))

[Regulation 2]

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